

**Financial Statements** 

June 30, 2023 and 2022

Meadows Urquhart Acree & Cook, LLP
Certified Public Accountants

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- Kelli P. Meadows
- Douglas A. Urquhart
  - David C. Acree
  - Shannon W. Cook

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Directors Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc. Richmond, Virginia

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc. which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2023, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc. as of June 30, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc. and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

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- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc.'s ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Prior Period Financial Statements**

The financial statements of Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc. as of June 30, 2022 were audited by other auditors whose report dated October 27, 2022 expressed an unmodified opinion on those statements.

Madour Ungukant Acres + Cook, LLP

Henrico, Virginia October 23, 2023

# Statements of Financial Position June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023			2022
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	328,305	\$	242,109
Accounts receivables		51,787		43,262
Investments		909,134		817,902
Deposits and prepaids		5,886		2,420
Total current assets		1,295,112		1,105,693
Fixed Assets				
Equipment		23,817		23,557
Accumulated depreciation		(20,000)		(18,658)
Total fixed assets		3,817		4,899
Operating lease right of use asset, net		16,266		39,606
Total assets	\$	1,315,195	\$	1,150,198
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	551
Deferred revenue		10,000		-
Payroll liabilities		15,626		7,957
Other liabilities		31,510		13,212
Accrued expenses		5,981		31
Operating lease liability		16,696		22,912
Total current liabilities		79,813		44,663
Operating lease liability, long term		-		16,694
Total liabilities		79,813		61,357
Net assets without donor restrictions		1,235,382		1,088,841
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	1,315,195	\$	1,150,198

## Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023	2022		
Revenue and support					
Earned income tax credit revenue	\$	238,725	\$	238,725	
Government grants		214,039		145,191	
Membership and conference revenue		210,422		184,424	
Training revenue		200,000		-	
Sponsorship revenue		139,000		-	
Investment return		100,249		(99,795)	
Legislative revenue		49,002		49,002	
Special membership assessment		-		130,725	
Miscellaneous revenue		-		1,102	
Total revenue and support		1,151,437		649,374	
Expenses					
Program services		863,930		615,642	
Management and general		93,234		64,153	
Legislative		47,732		47,256	
Total expenses		1,004,896		727,051	
Change in net assets		146,541		(77,677)	
Net assets, beginning of year		1,088,841		1,166,518	
Net assets, end of year	\$	1,235,382	\$	1,088,841	

## Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023	2022		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Change in net assets	\$	146,541	\$	(77,677)	
Adjustments to reconcile the change in net assets					
to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		1,553		1,501	
Unrealized and realized net (gain) loss on investments		(78,695)		112,907	
Decrease (increase) in:					
Accounts receivables		(8,525)		(26,300)	
Investments		-		68	
Deposits and prepaids		(3,466)		-	
Operating lease right of use asset, net		23,340		20,358	
Increase (decrease) in:					
Accounts payable		(551)		551	
Deferred revenue		10,000		-	
Payroll liabilities		7,669		2,190	
Other liabilities		18,298		(9,617)	
Accrued expenses		5,950		(130,725)	
Operating lease liability		(22,910)		(20,358)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		99,204		(127,102)	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities					
Net purchases of investments		(12,537)		(4,677)	
Purchase of fixed assets		(471)		(1,725)	
Net cash used in investing activities		(13,008)		(6,402)	
<b>3</b>		( 2,222,		(-, - )	
Net change in cash		86,196		(133,504)	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		242,109		375,613	
Cash and cash equivalents, of year	\$	328,305	\$	242,109	
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:					
Cash payments for:					
Amounts included in the measurement of operating lease liability	\$	25,044	\$	24,315	
Noncash transactions					
Right of use asset acquired through operating lease	\$	-	\$	62,039	
See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements and Independent Auditor's	Report.				

## Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Progran	n Ser\	/ices	Supporting Services				
	Mei	mbership	F	Projects	Management ojects and General		Legislative		Total
Salaries	\$	127,158	\$	184,676	\$	5,710	\$	-	\$ 317,544
Payroll tax and									
fringe benefits		33,374		50,532		1,256			85,162
Total payroll expenses		160,532		235,208		6,966		-	402,706
Grant disbursements		-		206,600		-		-	206,600
Training		6,007		145,087		-		-	151,094
Professional fees		14,532		2,474		43,950		-	60,956
State Legislative expense		-		-		-		47,449	47,449
Occupancy		17,671		-		16,944		-	34,615
Conference expense		30,266		1,095		-		-	31,361
Membership		15,875		-		-		-	15,875
Travel		5,419		7,412		135		228	13,194
Subscriptions		3,274		694		6,614		-	10,582
Miscellaneous		8,506		13		948		55	9,522
Investment expense		-		-		8,232		-	8,232
Office supplies		1,067		1,334		5,752		-	8,153
Bank fees		622		-		1,564		-	2,186
Depreciation		-		-		1,553		-	1,553
Insurance		-		-		576		-	576
Equipment		69		173		-		-	242
Total expenses	\$	263,840	\$	600,090	\$	93,234	\$	47,732	\$ 1,004,896

## Statement of Functional Expenses Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Services					Supportin						
	Mem	bership	F	Projects	Management and General		•		Legi	slative	Total	
Salaries	\$	63,697	\$	140,001	\$	\$	\$	\$	9,002	\$	-	\$ 212,700
Payroll tax and												
fringe benefits		36,571		19,496		18,371		-	74,438			
Total payroll expenses		100,268		159,497		27,373		-	287,138			
Grant disbursements		-		185,725		-		_	185,725			
Training		-		73,366		192		-	73,558			
Professional fees		36,400		10,895		6,085		-	53,380			
State Legislative expense		-		-		-		47,256	47,256			
Occupancy		16,993		2,000		16,993		-	35,986			
Membership		12,750		-		-		-	12,750			
Investment expense		9,448		-		-		-	9,448			
Subscriptions		1,990		775		3,566		-	6,331			
Equipment		-		-		2,474		-	2,474			
Conference expense		-		2,403		-		-	2,403			
Supplies		-		-		2,360		-	2,360			
Travel		410		1,284		402		-	2,096			
Miscellaneous		814		-		960		-	1,774			
Insurance		-		550		1,113		-	1,663			
Depreciation		-		-		1,501		-	1,501			
Bank fees		29		-		1,134		-	1,163			
Office expense				45		-			 45			
Total expenses	\$	179,102	\$	436,540	\$	64,153	\$	47,256	\$ 727,051			

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 1—Organization and Business

Virginia Community Action Partnership, Inc. (VACAP) is a tax-exempt not-for-profit organization. VACAP acts as the statewide organization for Virginia's thirty-one non-profit and public Community Action Agencies. VACAP's primary purpose is to assist community action agencies in providing programs to assist needy individuals and their families to combat poverty and build self-sufficiency. VACAP serves its members with state and federal legislative representation and advocacy, member training and education, public relations and marketing, resource development, facilitating collaboration, and statewide efforts to increase public awareness of Virginians in poverty and strategies to improve their lives and their communities. These programs are generally funded by grants from federal, state, and local agencies.

#### Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Method of accounting</u>: The financial statements of VACAP have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

<u>Basis of presentation</u>: Financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board. VACAP is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets: without donor restriction and with donor restriction.

<u>Without donor restriction</u>: Assets available at the discretion of the Board of Directors for use in operations and those resources invested in property and equipment.

<u>With donor restriction</u>: Assets stipulated by donors or grantors for specific program purposes. When a donor restriction expires, net assets with donor restriction are reclassified to net assets without donor restriction and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions. Restricted revenue whose restrictions are met in the same year is reflected as unrestricted revenue.

<u>Leases</u>: VACAP recognizes leases in accordance with ASC Topic 842, *Leases*, and subsequently issued additional related ASUs ("ASC 842, *Leases*"), which was adopted through a cumulative effect adjustment on July 1, 2021. The adoption of FASB ASC 842, *Leases*, did not have a material effect on net assets as of July 1, 2021.

VACAP enters into leasing arrangements in the ordinary course of business as a lessee of office space.

VACAP determines whether an arrangement is a lease at inception. Right of use (ROU) lease assets represent VACAP's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, and lease liabilities represent VACAP's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Other than for leases with an initial term of twelve months or less, operating lease ROU assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of lease payments over the lease term. As most leases do not provide an implicit rate, VACAP uses an incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. The operating lease ROU asset also includes any lease payments made and excludes lease incentives prior to the lease commencement date. Lease terms may include options to extend or terminate the lease when it is reasonably certain that VACAP will exercise that option.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Income taxes</u>: VACAP is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. VACAP has determined that it does not have any material unrecognized tax benefits or obligations as of June 30, 2023 or 2022.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: For purposes of reporting cash flows, VACAP considers cash equivalents to include certificates of deposit and other highly liquid debt instruments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less.

<u>Fixed assets</u>: Property and equipment are stated at cost at the date of acquisition. Donated property and equipment are stated at fair market value at the date of donation. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from 3 to 15 years. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Major renovations and improvements are capitalized. Depreciation totaled \$1,553 and \$1,501for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

<u>Grant receivable and revenue recognition</u>: VACAP records revenue from all significant grants and contracts as costs are incurred to give recognition to the performance requirements of the various agreements. Grants receivables consist of amounts which have been incurred but not reimbursed by the respective grantor. VACAP receives a substantial portion of its operating capital funds from grants and awards.

Funding received in advance of satisfying performance obligations are recorded as deferred revenue.

<u>Contributions and program support</u>: Contributions, including unconditional pledges, are recognized as revenues in the period received. Conditional pledges are not recognized until the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Other pledges are restricted by time constraints and revenue is recognized after the noted amount of time has passed. Gifts of securities are recorded at their fair market value when received.

<u>Functional expenses</u>: The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities. The statement contains certain categories of expense that are attributable to more than one program or supporting function. Therefore, these expenses require allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. The expenses that are allocated include professional fees, occupancy and office, as well as salaries and benefits, and are primarily allocated based on time and effort reports.

<u>Valuation of investments, at fair value</u>: Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, VACAP uses various valuation approaches. A fair value hierarchy for inputs is used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of VACAP. Unobservable inputs reflect assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that VACAP has the ability to access. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

<u>Use of estimates</u>: The presentation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Paid leave time</u>: All regular employees accrue leave time based on years of employment. In years of employment 0-5, employees accrue thirty days of leave time per year; in employment years 6-10 employees accrue thirty-five days of leave time per year; after 10 years employees accrue forty days of leave time per year. Employees can continue to accrue an additional week of leave time per five years of employment. At separation and VACAP's discretion, an employee may use all of their current accrued and unused leave time as terminal leave. Upon separation, employees will receive a pay-out of accrued but unused leave of no more than thirty days.

New accounting pronouncement: In June 2016, FASB issued ASU 2016-13, *Financial Instruments-Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement for Credit Losses on Financial Instruments*, which requires entities to measure all expected credit losses for financial assets held at the reporting date based on historical experience, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts. ASU 2016-13 also requires additional disclosures regarding significant estimates and judgments used in estimating credit losses, as well as the credit quality and underwriting standards of an entity's portfolio. The requirements of this statement are effective for VACAP for the year ended June 30, 2024. VACAP is currently evaluating the impact of this statement.

<u>Reclassification</u>: Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified for consistency with the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on the reported results of operations.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 3—Liquidity and Availability of Resources

The following represents VACAP's financial assets as of June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	2023			2022
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	328,305	\$	242,109
Accounts receivable		51,787		43,262
Investments		909,134		817,902
Total financial assets		1,289,226		1,103,273
Financial assets available to management for				
general expenditures within one year	\$	1,289,226	\$	1,103,273

VACAP manages its liquidity by completing annual operating budgets that provide sufficient funds for general expenditures in meeting liabilities and other obligations as they become due. VACAP's cash and cash equivalents are available within one year of the statement of financial position date to meet cash needs for general expenditures.

#### **Note 4—Lease Commitments**

VACAP leases office space under a non-cancellable operating lease agreement. The lease expires in February 2024 and utilizes an interest rate of 5.25%. Rentals generally include insurance, taxes and maintenance costs. Rent expense related to this lease was \$24,845 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

ASC 842, *Leases*, requires VACAP to make certain assumptions and judgements in applying the guidance, including determining whether an arrangement includes a lease, determining the term of a lease when the contract has renewal or cancelation provisions, and determining the discount rate.

VACAP determines whether an arrangement is or includes a lease at contract inception by evaluating whether the contract conveys the right to the control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. If VACAP has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from, and can direct the use of, the identified asset for a period of time, VACAP accounts for the identified asset as a lease. VACAP has elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for all leases other than real estate leases. The primary non-lease component that is combined with a lease component is operating expenses such as utilities, maintenance or management fees.

As the rate implicit in the lease is not usually available, VACAP used an incremental borrowing rate (IBR) based on the information available at the adoption date of the new leases standard in determining the present value of lease payments for existing leases. VACAP elected to use a portfolio approach to IBR, applying the U.S. Treasury ten-year long-term rate to the leases. VACAP will use information available at the lease commencement date to determine the discount rate for any new leases.

As of June 30, 2023 and 2022, VACAP does not have any leases that have not yet commenced but that create significant rights and obligations.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 4—Lease Commitments (continued)

Pursuant to the accounting policy election, leases with an initial term of twelve months or less are not recognized on the balance sheet.

Future minimum payments under noncancellable operating leases as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year	
2024	\$ 17,026
Less amount representing interest	330
Total lease obligations	16,696
Current portion	16,696
Long-term portion	\$ -

Pursuant to the accounting policy election, leases with an initial term of twelve months or less are not recognized on the balance sheet. Rent expense associated with these leases was \$3,360 and \$2,409 for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### **Note 5—Fair Market Measurements**

Fair Values of assets measured on a recurring basis as of June 30, 2023 and 2022, are as follows:

Quotou marrot				
Price Of Asset				
(	(Level 1)			
\$	440,749			
	331,591			
	79,156			
	37,587			
	20,051			
\$	909,134			
	Pric (			

Quoted Market

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 5—Fair Market Measurements (continued)

	Quo	oted Market	
	Pric	e Of Assets	
June 30, 2022	(Lew		
Common stock	\$	339,234	
Equity funds		258,090	
Taxable bond funds		79,540	
Government bond funds		57,489	
International equity funds		41,174	
Specialty funds		33,352	
Cash and money market funds		9,023	
	\$	817,902	

VACAP's investments are recorded at fair value using readily available quoted market prices. All of VACAP's investments are categorized as Level 1. VACAP does not have any Level 2 or Level 3 investments.

#### Note 6—Investments

Investments are reported in the statement of financial position at their fair values based on quoted market prices at the measurement date. Unrealized holding gains and losses, realized gains and losses, dividends and interest are reported as investment return on the statement of activities. Cash and cash equivalents in the investment account are not considered cash equivalents and are included as investments.

Investment return for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, consists of the following:

	2023			2022
Interest and dividends	\$	20,769	\$	13,112
Realized gains		3,404		27,406
Unrealized gain (loss)		76,076		(140,313)
	\$	100,249	\$	(99,795)

Investment fees for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, were \$8,232 and \$9,448, respectively.

#### Note 7—Federal Grant

VACAP received Federal grants for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, in the amount of \$358,407 and \$353,916, respectively.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Note 8—Accrued Compensated Absences

As mentioned in Note 2, employees accrue paid time off. The accrued paid time off for the years ending June 30, 2023 and 2022, is as follows:

	Be	Beginning		Earned		Used		Ending
2022	\$	22,829	\$	28,374	\$	(37,991)	\$	13,212
2023		13,212		45,527		(27,229)		31,510

#### Note 9—Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject VACAP to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash. Checking and money market account balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000 per financial institution. At times, accounts may exceed the FDIC limits.

#### Note 10—Retirement

VACAP has adopted an employee retirement plan under section 403(b) of the Internal Revenue Code. The plan provides for salary reduction contributions by eligible participants. VACAP's contribution to the plan for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, was \$14,827 and \$11,008, respectively.

#### Note 11—Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, VACAP has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through October 23, 2023, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.